

(c) The immunity provided in this section shall not apply to (1) any person, firm or corporation responsible for such discharge, or under a duty to mitigate the effects of such discharge, (2) any agency or instrumentality of such person, firm or corporation or (3) negligence in the operation of a motor vehicle.

Sec. 13. Section 22a-418 of the general statutes is repealed.

Sec. 14. This act shall take effect from its passage.

Approved June 3, 1986

Substitute House Bill No. 5360

**PUBLIC ACT NO. 86-240**

**AN ACT CONCERNING THE APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY CAMPAIGN TREASURERS BY STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES, CONTRIBUTION LIMITS FOR CANDIDATES FOR MUNICIPAL OFFICES AND STUDIES OF THE CAMPAIGN FINANCE LAWS.**

\*Section 1. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 9-336d of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

(a) No political committee established by an organization shall make a contribution or contributions to, or for the benefit of, any candidate's campaign for election to the office of (1) governor in excess of two thousand five hundred dollars; (2) lieutenant governor, secretary of the state, treasurer, comptroller or attorney general in excess of one thousand five hundred dollars; (3) sheriff [,] OR chief executive officer of a town, city or borough [or any other office of a town, city or borough which is elected at large] in excess of one thousand dollars; (4) state senator or probate judge in excess of five hundred dollars; or (5) state representative or any other office of a municipality not previously included in this subsection in excess of two hundred fifty dollars.

(b) No political committee established by an organization shall make a contribution or contributions to, or for the benefit of, any such candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary, as defined in section 9-372, to the office of (1) governor in excess of two thousand five hundred dollars; (2) lieutenant governor, secretary of the state, treasurer, comptroller or attorney general in excess of one thousand five hundred dollars; (3) sheriff, chief executive officer of a town, city or borough [or any other office of a town, city or borough which is elected at large] in excess of one thousand dollars; (4) state senator or probate judge in excess of five hundred dollars; or (5) state representative or any other office of a municipality not previously included in this subsection in excess of two hundred fifty dollars.

\*Sec. 2. Subsection (d) of section 9-336g of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

(d) A political committee organized by a stock corporation or other business organization shall not make a contribution or contributions: (1) To, or for the benefit of, any candidate's campaign for election to the office of (A) governor in excess of five thousand dollars; (B) lieutenant

governor, secretary of the state, treasurer, comptroller or attorney general in excess of three thousand dollars; (C) sheriff in excess of two thousand dollars; (D) state senator, probate judge, chief executive officer of a town, city or borough [or any other office of a town, city or borough which is elected at large] in excess of one thousand dollars; (E) state representative in excess of five hundred dollars; or (F) any other office of a municipality not included in subparagraph (D) of this subdivision, in excess of two hundred fifty dollars; (2) to, or for the benefit of, any such candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary, as defined in section 9-372, to the office of (A) governor in excess of five thousand dollars; (B) lieutenant governor, secretary of the state, treasurer, comptroller or attorney general in excess of three thousand dollars; (C) sheriff in excess of two thousand dollars; (D) state senator, probate judge or chief executive officer in a town, city or borough [or any other office of a town, city or borough which is elected at large] in excess of one thousand dollars; (E) state representative in excess of five hundred dollars; or (F) any other office of a municipality not included in subparagraph (D) of this subdivision in excess of two hundred fifty dollars; (3) to, or for the benefit of, a political committee established by a candidate, for a single election or primary, to determine the particular public office to which he shall seek nomination or election, in excess of two hundred fifty dollars, or (4) to candidates designated in this subsection which in the aggregate exceed one hundred thousand dollars for any single election and primary preliminary thereto.

\*Sec. 3. Subsection (a) of section 9-348p of the general statutes, as amended by section 5 of public act 85-270 and section 6 of public act 85-598, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

(a) The chairman of each party committee and each political committee organized for ongoing political activities shall designate a campaign treasurer to be responsible for receiving contributions, making expenditures and filing the itemized sworn statements required under subsection (c) of this section, and the chairman of any such committee may designate a deputy campaign treasurer, OR IN THE CASE OF A STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, NOT MORE THAN TWO DEPUTY CAMPAIGN TREASURERS, to serve in the capacity of the campaign treasurer in the event that the campaign treasurer is unable for any reason to perform his duties. No person shall act as any such campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer until, after his appointment, a statement, signed by the chairman of the committee, designating him as such campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer is filed with the proper authority, in accordance with the provisions of section 9-336a. Each such statement shall designate the period during which such appointment shall continue. In the case of a political committee organized for ongoing political activities, the filing of a statement of organization by the chairman of such committee, in accordance with the provisions of section 9-336k, AS AMENDED BY SECTION 2 OF PUBLIC ACT 85-270, shall constitute compliance with the filing requirements of this subsection.

\*Sec. 4. Subsection (b) of section 9-348r of the general statutes, as amended by section 7 of public act 85-598, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

\*See Secs. 11, 12 for repeal of this section.

(b) No individual shall make a contribution or contributions to, for the benefit of, or pursuant to the authorization or request of, a candidate or a committee supporting or opposing any candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary, as defined in section 9-372, or any candidate's campaign for election to (1) THE OFFICE OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER IN A TOWN, CITY OR BOROUGH [any office of a town, city or borough,] in excess of one thousand dollars OR (2) ANY OTHER OFFICE OF A MUNICIPALITY NOT INCLUDED IN SUBDIVISION (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, IN EXCESS OF TWO HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS. This subsection shall not apply to the offices of state senator, state representative or probate judge.

Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 12 of public act 86-99 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

(a) The chairman of each party committee shall designate a campaign treasurer and may designate a deputy campaign treasurer, OR IN THE CASE OF A STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, NOT MORE THAN TWO DEPUTY CAMPAIGN TREASURERS, to serve in the event that the campaign treasurer is unable to perform his duties for any reason. No state central committee or town committee shall establish a committee other than a single party committee for purposes of sections 2 to 28, inclusive, of [this act] PUBLIC ACT 86-99. A party committee or a political committee organized for ongoing political activities shall form no other political committees, except that two or more such committees may join to form a political committee for the purpose of a single fund-raising event.

Sec. 6. Subsection (a) of section 14 of public act 86-99 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

(a) No individual shall make a contribution or contributions to, for the benefit of, or pursuant to the authorization or request of, a candidate or a committee supporting or opposing any candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary, or any candidate's campaign for election, to the office of (1) governor, in excess of two thousand five hundred dollars; (2) lieutenant governor, secretary of the state, treasurer, comptroller or attorney general, in excess of one thousand five hundred dollars; (3) sheriff, or [any office] CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER of a town, city or borough, in excess of one thousand dollars; (4) state senator or probate judge, in excess of five hundred dollars; or (5) state representative OR ANY OTHER OFFICE OF A MUNICIPALITY NOT PREVIOUSLY INCLUDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, in excess of two hundred fifty dollars. The limits imposed by this subsection shall be applied separately to primaries and elections.

Sec. 7. Subsection (d) of section 16 of public act 86-99 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

(d) A political committee organized by a business entity shall not make a contribution or contributions to or for the benefit of any candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or any candidate's campaign for election to the office of: (1) Governor, in excess of five thousand dollars; (2) lieutenant governor, secretary of the state, treasurer, comptroller or attorney general, in excess of three thousand dollars; (3) sheriff, in excess of two thousand dollars; (4) state senator, probate judge [,] OR chief executive officer of a town, city or borough, [or any other office of a town,

city or borough which is elected at large,] in excess of one thousand dollars; (5) state representative, in excess of five hundred dollars; or (6) any other office of a municipality not included in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in excess of two hundred fifty dollars; or an exploratory committee, in excess of two hundred fifty dollars. The limits imposed by this subsection shall apply separately to primaries and elections and contributions by any such committee to candidates designated in this subsection shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars in the aggregate for any single election and primary preliminary thereto. Contributions to such committees shall also be subject to the provisions of section 21 of [this act] PUBLIC ACT 86-99 in the case of committees formed for ongoing political activity or section 22 of [this act] PUBLIC ACT 86-99 in the case of committees formed for a single election or primary.

Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 18 of public act 86-99 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:

(a) No political committee established by an organization shall make a contribution or contributions to, or for the benefit of, any candidate's campaign for nomination at a primary or for election to the office of: (1) Governor, in excess of two thousand five hundred dollars; (2) lieutenant governor, secretary of the state, treasurer, comptroller or attorney general, in excess of one thousand five hundred dollars; (3) sheriff [,] OR chief executive officer of a town, city or borough, [or any other office of a town, city or borough which is elected at large,] in excess of one thousand dollars; (4) state senator or probate judge, in excess of five hundred dollars; or (5) state representative or any other office of a municipality not previously included in this subsection, in excess of two hundred fifty dollars.

Sec. 9. There is established a committee to study the process by which political campaigns are funded. The committee shall consist of the members of the joint standing committee on government administration and elections and the chairmen of the state central committees of the two major political parties or the designees of said chairmen. The issues to be studied by the committee shall include, but not be limited to, needed reforms of the process and the rapid increase in the cost of campaigns. The committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the general assembly not later than January 15, 1987.

Sec. 10. The state elections enforcement commission and the state ethics commission shall conduct a study of the inter-relationship between the state's campaign finance laws and its codes of ethics for public officials and lobbyists. In the course of the study the commissions shall consider the need for legislation concerning political contributions made by registrants, as defined in subsection (q) of section 1-91 of the general statutes, or by political committees formed by registrants, to or for the benefit of members of the general assembly or persons holding the office of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of the state, treasurer or comptroller. The legislative issues so considered shall include, but not be limited to, limits and reporting requirements for such contributions and prohibiting such contributions during certain time periods. The office of legislative research shall provide the commissions with such information and assistance as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section. The

commissions shall report their findings and recommendations to the general assembly not later than January 15, 1987.

Sec. 11. Sections 9-336d and 9-336g of the general statutes, as amended by sections 1 and 2 of this act, subsection (a) of section 9-348p of the general statutes, as amended by section 5 of public act 85-270, section 6 of public act 85-598 and section 3 of this act, and section 9-348r of the general statutes, as amended by section 7 of public act 85-598 and section 4 of this act, are repealed.

Sec. 12. This act shall take effect from its passage, except section 3 shall take effect July 1, 1986, sections 1, 2 and 4 shall take effect October 1, 1986, and sections 5 to 8, inclusive, and section 11 shall take effect January 1, 1987.

Approved May 30, 1986

Substitute House Bill No. 5963

**PUBLIC ACT NO. 86-241**

**AN ACT CONCERNING BOTTLED WATER AND THE PRODUCTION OF NONALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES.**

Section 1. (NEW) For the purposes of sections 1 to 11, inclusive, of this act:

(1) "Approved source" means the source of any bottled water, including, but not limited to, a spring, artesian well, drilled well or public water supply, which has been inspected and approved by the department of health services;

(2) "Artesian well water" means bottled natural water obtained from a well tapping an aquifer in which the level of the water is above the bottom of the confining bed of the aquifer and in which the hydraulic pressure of the water in the aquifer is greater than the atmospheric pressure;

(3) "Bottled water", or any term of similar import, means water obtained from an approved source which is packaged for sale or distribution. "Bottled water" shall not include any soda or seltzer which is packaged for sale or distribution;

(4) "Bottler" means any person, firm or corporation engaging in the business of bottling water for sale or distribution;

(5) "Distilled water" means purified water which has been produced by a process of distillation;

(6) "Drinking water" means bottled water which has been distilled, fluoridated or purified or which has been disinfected by a process of ozonation and filtration or any substantially similar disinfection process;

(7) "Fluoridated water" means bottled water which contains fluoride ions in an amount not less than eight-tenths of one milligram per liter and not more than one and two-tenths milligrams per liter or such alternative concentration limit as the commissioner of consumer protection, with the advice and assistance of the commissioner of health services, may determine by regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes and which otherwise complies with the provisions of subdivision 2 of subsection (d) of 21 Code of Federal Regulations 103.35;